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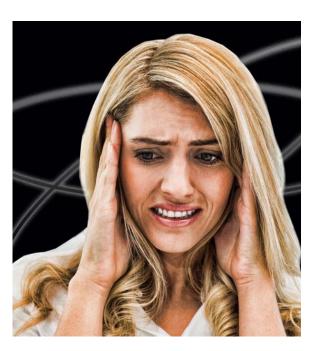
This course is 15.0 contact hours/15 ccu's/ 1.5 ceu's for therapists licensed on other states

Certificates for attendance are given upon successful completion of the course.

> This course is 18.0 contact hours/1.8 CEU's, for therapists licensed in NY, IL or DC.

# **Restoring Synergy: Management of Complex Vestibular Dysfunction**

Solutions for when challenging symptoms and complications make recovery challenging



An Evidenced-Based Course Presented by **Laura Morris, PT, NCS** 

**North American Seminars®** 1-800-300-5512 | Fax 1-800-310-5920 www.healthclick.com **Responsible CME®** PT, PTA and AT - Continuing Education Course

|              |              | Day One   |       | Day Two   |
|--------------|--------------|---|-------|---|
| 7:30         | 8:00         | Registration  | 8:00  | 9:00 Abnormal Eye movements   |
| 8:00         | 9:00         | Physiologic Basis for Effective   | 0.00  | •Identification of abnormal eye   |
|              |              | Vestibular Rehabilitation   |       | movements, clinical significance  |
|              |              | <ul> <li>Review of key components of vestibular</li> </ul>  |       | •Integrating/applying clinical findings   |
|              |              | anatomy and physiology important to   | 9:00  | 10:30 Vestibular intervention- Theory and                                       |
|              |              | effective diagnosis and management  | 3.00  | Practice (lecture/lab)  |
|              |              | <ul> <li>Relationship between anatomical<br/>feature, clinical testing and pathology</li> </ul>                 |       | •Application and progression of gaze  |
| 9:00         | 10:00        | Critical Clinical Examinations  |       | stabilization, visuo-vestibular training  |
| 5.00         |              | (lecture/lab)   |       | Postural control, sensory organization  |
|              |              | Review critical clinical vestibular   |       | training  |
|              |              | evaluation skills, including oculomotor   |       | <ul> <li>Habituation for motion sensitivity and</li> </ul>                      |
|              |              | and visuo-vestibular exam   |       | visual motion intolerance   |
|              |              | Optimizing your skills, techniques and     interpretation of soals of the division to the series.               |       | <ul> <li>Case examples- small group discussion</li> </ul>                       |
|              |              | <ul><li>interpretation of each of the clinical tests</li><li>Clinical implications and limitations of</li></ul> |       | and presentation  |
|              |              | testing   | 10:30 | 10:45 <b>Break</b>  |
|              |              | Modifications of exam for practice  | 10:45 | 12:00 Management of Challenging   |
|              |              | settings (acute, outpatient, home health)   |       | Vestibular Disorders  |
| 10:00        | 10:15        |   |       | <ul> <li>Pathophysiology, clinical presentation</li> </ul>                      |
| 10:15        | 11:00        | Critical Clinical Examinations  |       | and intervention strategies for Vestibular                                      |
| 11:00        | 12:00        | (lecture/lab) continued Understanding Diagnostics and   |       | Migraine  |
| 11.00        | 12.00        | Vestibular Pathology  |       | • Clinical presentation and intervention  |
|              |              | Critical findings and implications of key   |       | strategies for Meniere's disease  |
|              |              | diagnostic tests  |       | Differentiating Meniere's Disease vs.      migrains and management implications |
|              |              | VNG, Rotational Chair Test,   | 12.00 | migraine and management implications<br>1:00 <b>Lunch (on your own)</b>         |
|              |              | Computerized Dynamic Posturography, VEMP  | 1:00  | 1:30 Management of Challenging  |
|              |              | <ul> <li>Key clinical features of each of the<br/>common vestibular pathologies</li> </ul>                      | 1.00  | Vestibular Disorders (continued)  |
| 12:00        | 1:00         | Lunch (on your own)   |       | •Clinical presentation of fistula   |
| 1:00         | 1:30         | Understanding Diagnostics and   |       | (endolymphatic and superior canal   |
|              |              | Vestibular Pathology (continued)  |       | dehiscence)   |
|              |              | <ul> <li>Small group discussion- implications of</li> </ul>   |       | <ul> <li>Surgical options and clinical course of</li> </ul>                     |
| 4.20         | 2.00         | sample clinical exam/case studies   |       | recovery of Acoustic schwannoma   |
| 1:30         | 3:00         | Cervicogenic Contributions to   |       | <ul> <li>Introduction to the management of facial</li> </ul>                    |
|              |              | Dizziness (Lecture/Lab)  • Differential diagnosis   |       | nerve dysfunction   |
|              |              | Identification of key impairments and   | 1:30  | 2:30 Persistent Postural Perceptual   |
|              |              | their implications for management   |       | Dizziness (PPPD), psychological   |
|              |              | <ul> <li>Intervention for cervical proprioception</li> </ul>  |       | Disorders   |
|              |              | sense and kinesthetic control   |       | Differential diagnosis of PPPD  |
| 2.00         | 2.15         | Progression of cervical interventions   |       | Communication strategies regarding  |
| 3:00<br>3:15 | 3:15<br>5:15 | Break Update on BPPV Testing and  |       | diagnosis and management of PPPD  |
| 5.15         | 5.15         | Intervention (Lecture)  |       | • Anxiety and dizziness   |
|              |              | <ul> <li>Current intervention options for all types</li> </ul>  |       | <ul><li>Intervention strategies</li><li>Case example</li></ul>                  |
|              |              | of BPPV • BPPV pearls and pitfalls  | 2:30  | 2:45 <b>Break</b>   |
|              |              | Determining when positional vertigo is  | 2:45  | 4:00 Clinical Decision Making: Case   |
|              |              | not BPPV • Case examples  BPPV (Intervention Lab)   | 2.73  | Examples  |
|              |              | Liberatory/canalith repositioning-all canals  |       | •Co-morbidities, complications  |
|              |              | Canalithiasis and cupulothiasis   |       | Documentation challenges- description of  |
|              |              | Teaching and prescribing self canalith  |       | eye movements, goal development   |
|              |              | repositioning maneuvers   | 4:00  | 4:30 Questions, wrap up   |
| 5.15         | E-20         | Question and Answers  |       |   |

**Ouestion and Answers** 

#### About the Educator

**Laura Morris, PT, NCS** is a physical therapist and lecturer with over 25 years of experience in the management of adults with neurologic disorders. Her clinical work focuses on vestibular disorders and mild traumatic brain injury at Elmhurst Memorial Hospital in the Chicago area. She is the Director of Communications for the Academy of Neurologic PT of the APTA. She teaches continuing education in concussion and vestibular rehabilitation both nationally and internationally. Her experience includes inpatient and outpatient care, clinical research and program development, including the launch of the fourth credentialed Neurologic PT Residency Program in Pittsburgh. Clinical practice also included vestibular and concussion rehabilitation in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the Mild Brain Injury Program in Baltimore, Maryland and neurologic private practice in Alexandria, Virginia. She was re-credentialed for her Neurologic Clinical Specialist in 2013. She has been involved in the Academy of Neurologic PT and the Vestibular special interest group, primarily in positions involving website support. In 2005 she received the Award for Clinical Excellence in Neurology by the Neurology Section of the APTA, and in 2015 received the Service Award from the Vestibular Special Interest Group. Her contributions to the literature include book chapters and journal articles in the area of vestibular disorders and mild brain injury rehabilitation.

### Why You Should Attend This Course

This two-day advanced course is designed for physical therapists and occupational therapists, who have prior experience in vestibular rehabilitation and are seeking to refine their clinical evaluation and treatment skills beyond the basics. Therapists who are comfortable with their fundamental skills will find this course helpful at adding more treatment options to successfully treat the complex dizzy patient. Patient diagnoses discussed will include cervicogenic dizziness, atypical BPPV, Persistent Postural-Perceptual Dizziness (PPPD), Vestiublar migraine, Acoustic schwannoma, superior canal dehiscence and concussion. Focus will be placed on case study applications with careful analysis of history, diagnostic clinical findings and classification of dysfunctions to allow optimal customized treatment protocols. Clinical skills to be taught will include fistula screening, cervicogenic screening, BPPV treatments beyond the posterior canal (anterior/ horizontal canals), acoustic neuroma management including exposure to facial rehabilitation techniques, migraine screening and treatments, and identification/ management of PPPD. All testing and treatment protocols presented will be evidence-based and clinically relevant to more effectively manage the dizzy patient. Lectures will intersperse the refining of clinical testing protocols with specific intervention strategies for a wide range of diagnoses. Instruction will be provided via lecture, video, lab, detailed demonstrations, small group discussion and case studies. Each participant will receive a comprehensive manual that will include sample documentation.

## **Course Objectives**

Upon completion of this course, participants will be able to:

- Perform canalith repositioning maneuvers to treat canalathiasis and cuplulothiasis for all semicircular canals.
- Recognize positional vertigo that has central etiology.
- Identify psychological problems that can affect the management of vestibular problems and learn how to modify treatment interventions, plans and goals.
- Recognize the role of Migraine as both primary (causing of distinct vertigious episodes) and secondary (traditional migraines leading to more persistent motion intolerance) contributor to dizziness and it's impact on rehabilitation.
- Identify appropriate patients for rehabilitation and appropriate referrals to other medical practitioners.
- Perform a comprehensive oculomotor exam and interpret findings for clinical management of vestibular dysfunction.
- Develop improved management skills for patients with stable peripheral vestibular hypofunction including basic facial rehabilitation, expected outcomes, and treatment progressions.
- Identify the clinical presentation of patients with superior canal dehiscence (fistula) and current management strategies.

Complex Vestibular Dysfunction Restoring Synergy: Management

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All this information is required in order to process a registration

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